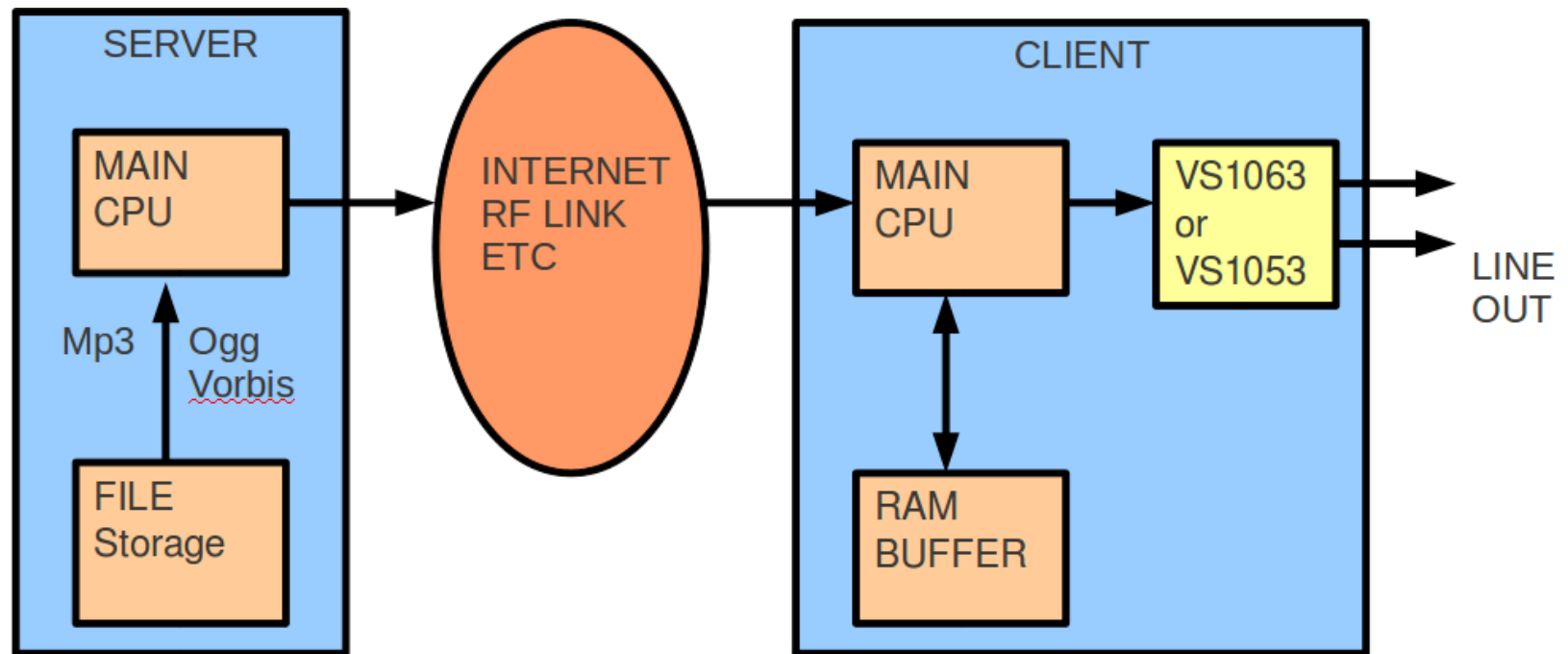




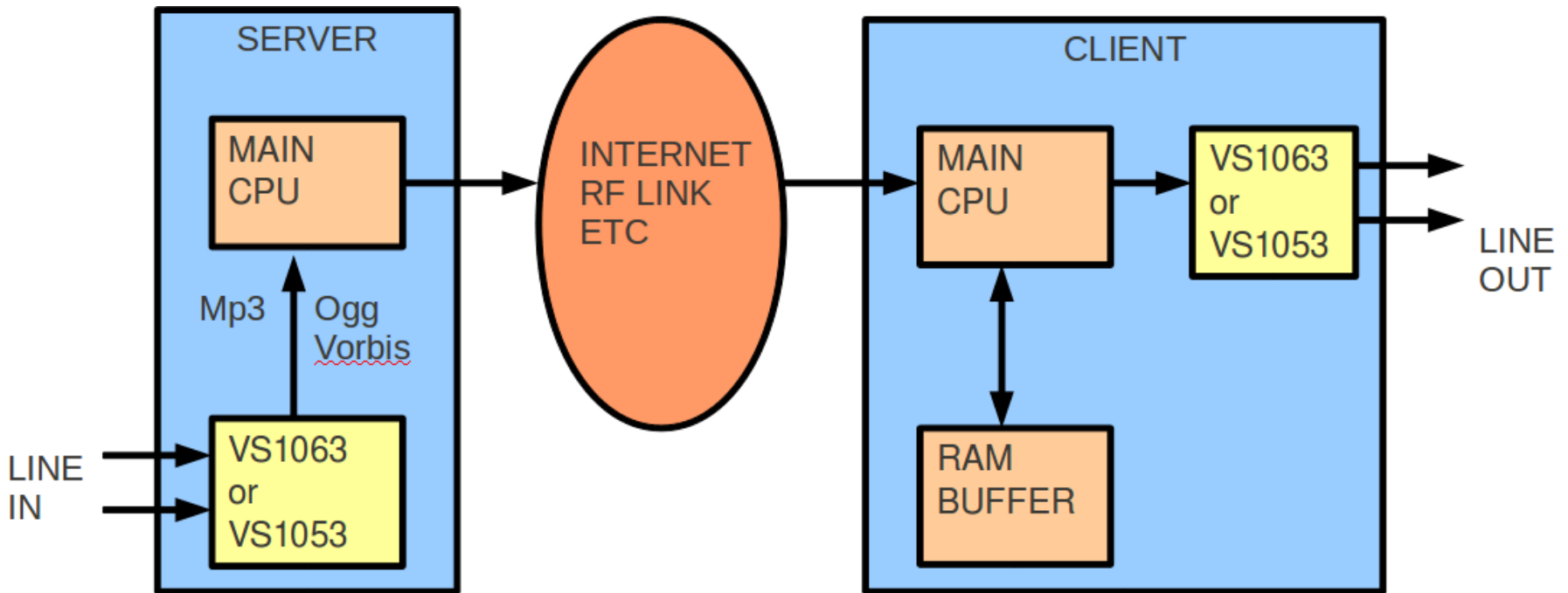
# VLSI Solution Oy Internet Streaming Presentation

June 2012

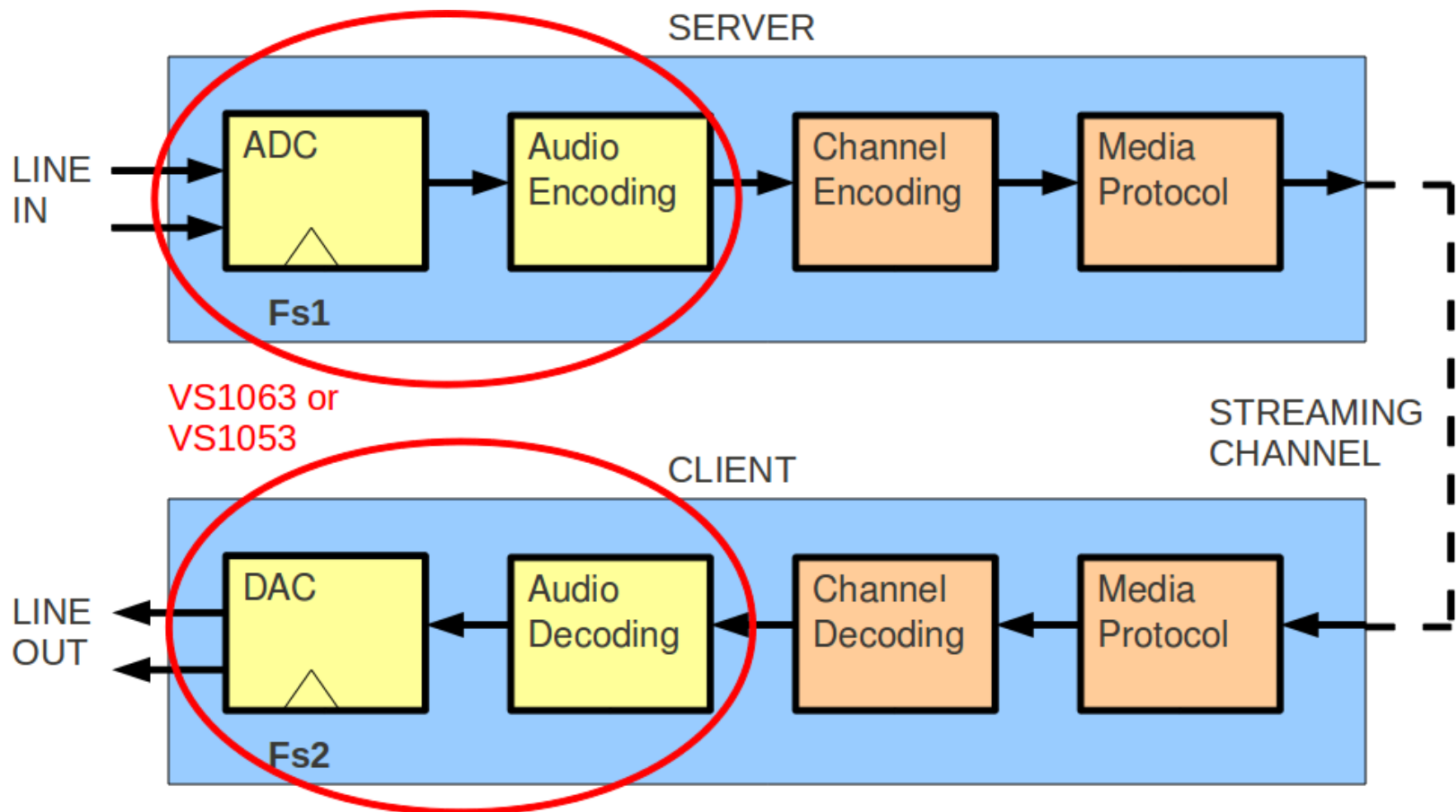
## Streaming – File based server / client(s)



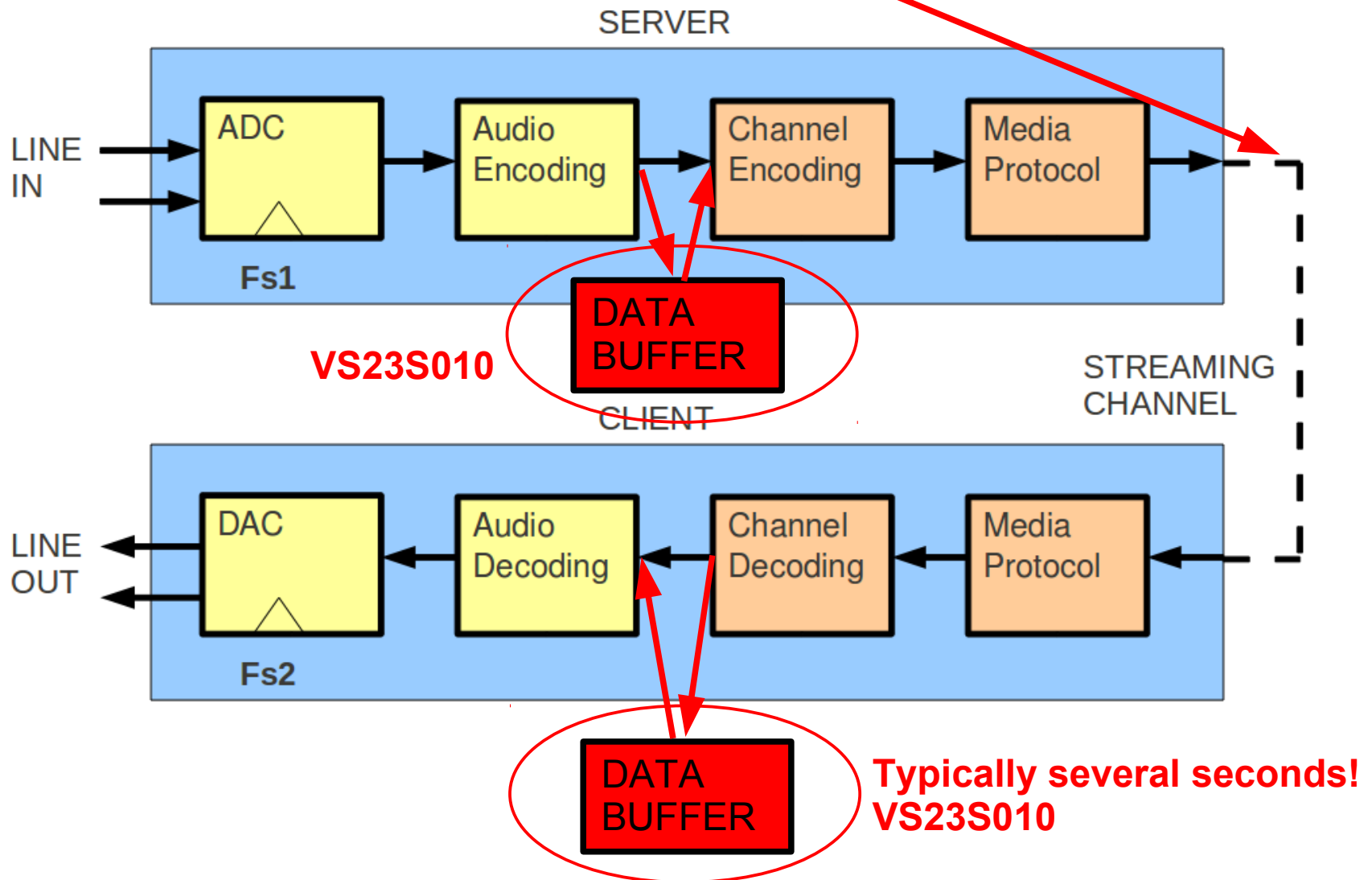
## Streaming – Real-time server / client(s)



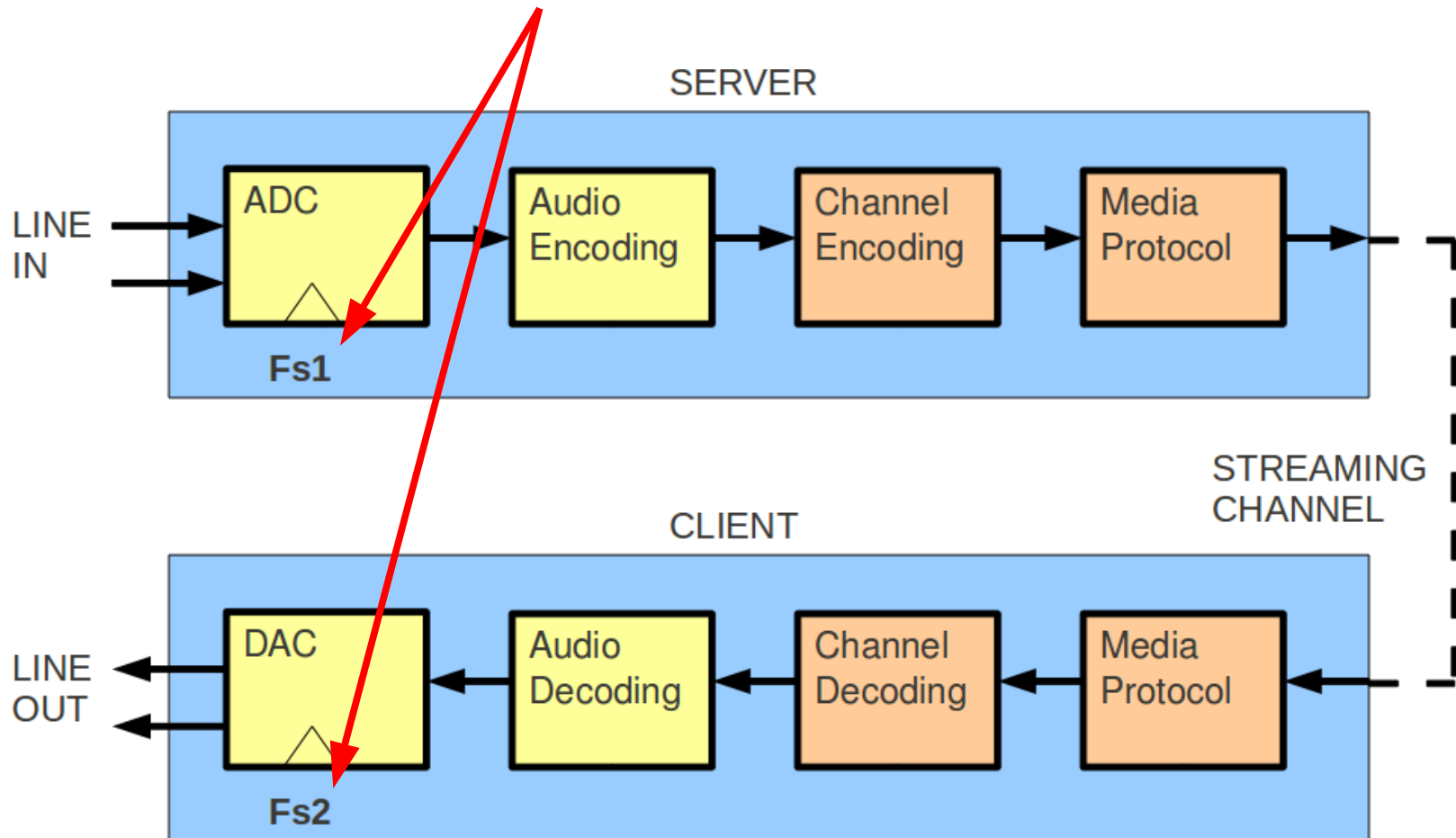
## Streaming – Basic Block Diagram from Server to Client



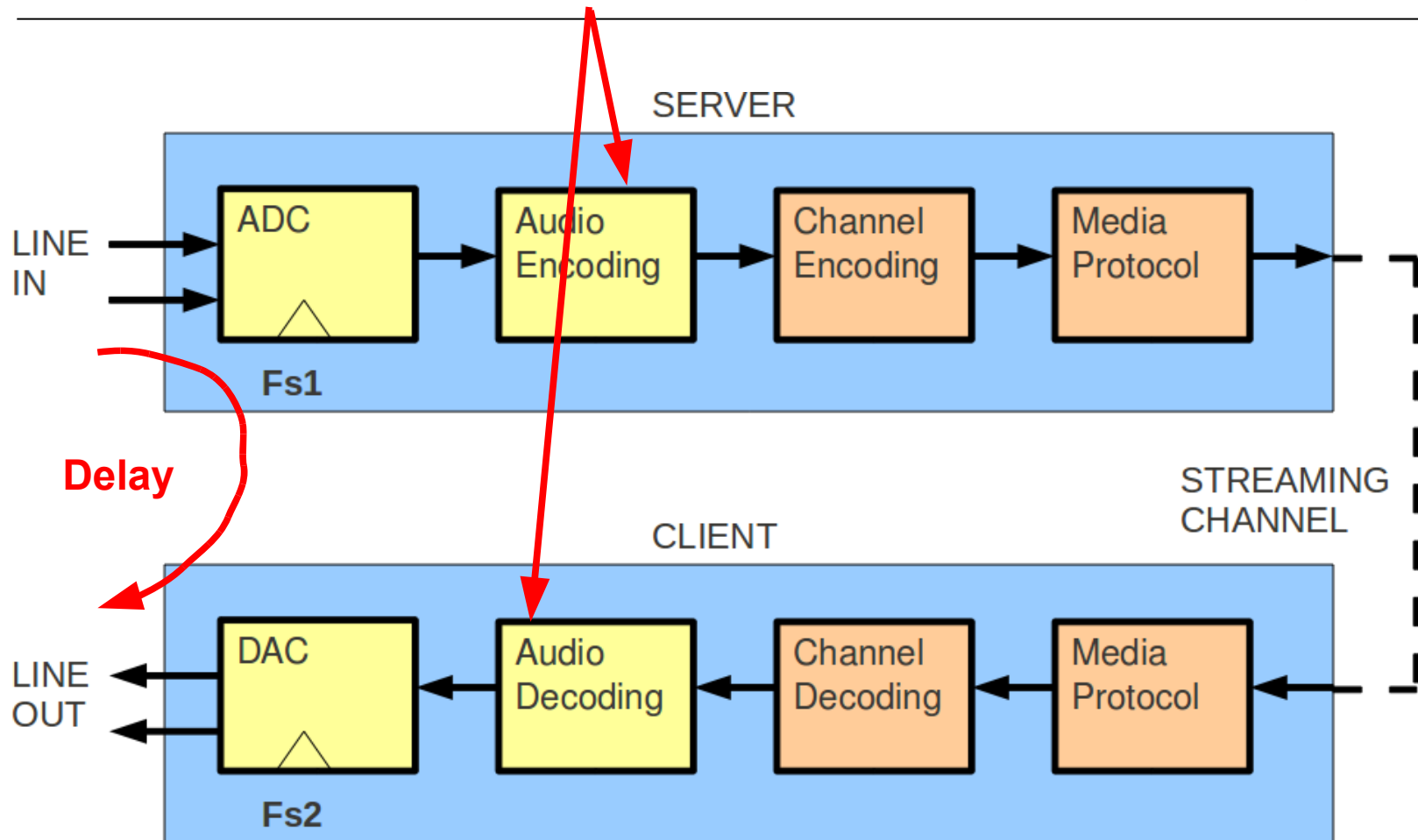
## Streaming – Issue 1: Network delay unpredictable



## Streaming – Issue 2: Sample rates are not identical



## Streaming – Issue 3: Compression vs coding delay



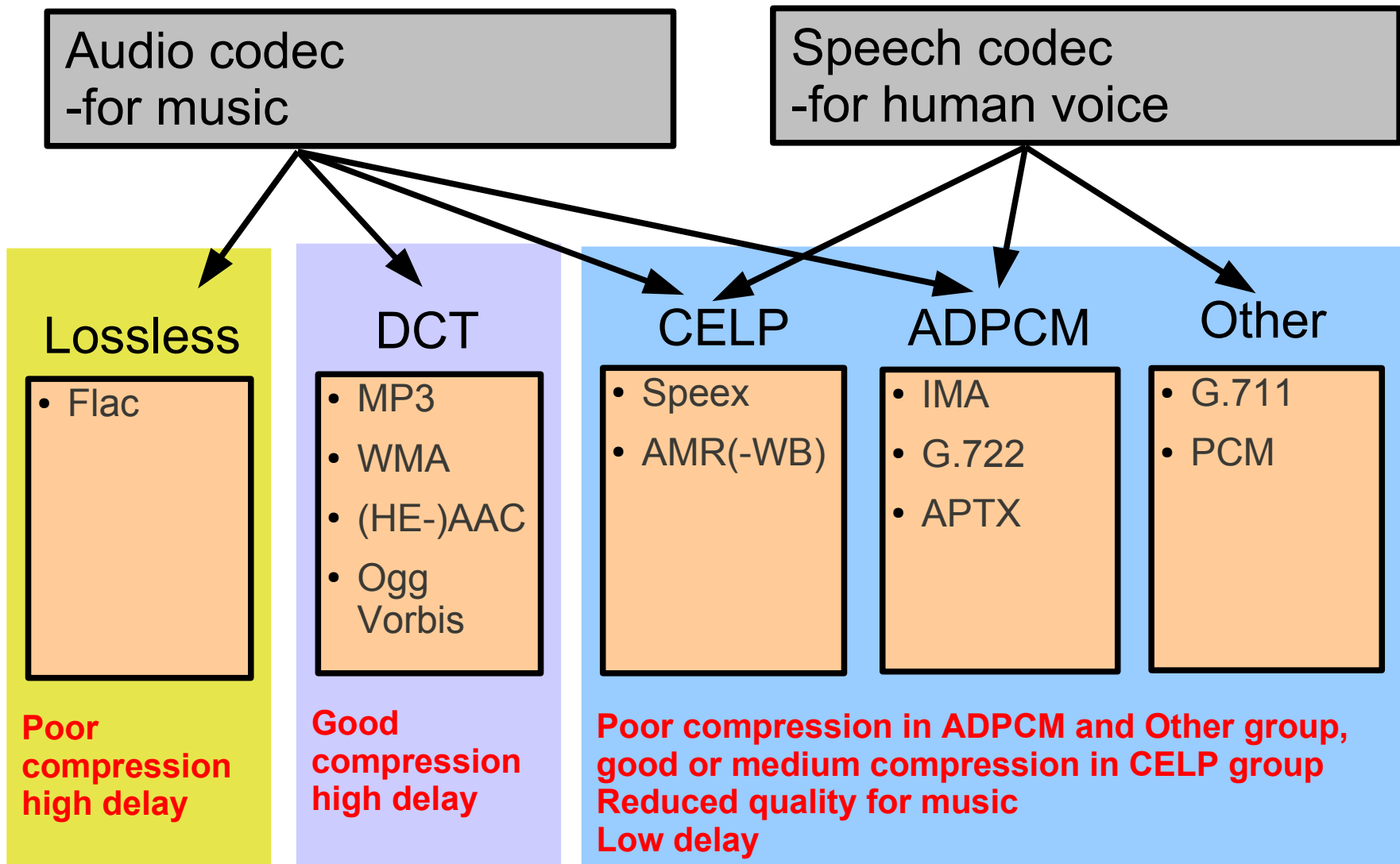
## *Streaming – Issue 3: Compression vs delay*

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- Audio compression is based on a psychoacoustic model of human hearing system, which requires analysis of the frequency components of the audio
- The analysis filter of the model uses DCT
- The DCT requires a Data Buffer
- The Data Buffer causes a delay
- Encoding – decoding path has twice the delay of Data Buffer
- **There is a relationship between COMPRESSION EFFICIENCY and CODING DELAY**
- **GOOD COMPRESSION REQUIRES A LONG BUFFER**
- **THE LONG BUFFER RESULTS IN A LONG DELAY !**



## Streaming – Issue 3: Compression vs delay



## Audio Encoder - Decoder delays of VS1063

Fs [Hz]	PCM G.711 G.722 [ms]	IMA [ms]	MP3 [ms]	Ogg Vorbis [ms]
48000	3	14	36	124
44100	3	15	40	135
32000	3	19	54	185
24000	3	25	48	125
22050	3	26	52	140
16000	3	35	72	190
12000	3	46	96	250
11025	3	49	105	270
8000	3	66	144	200

Fs is sample rate

The value in the table is the total delay when using one VS1063 for encoding and another VS1063 for decoding

## Technical Challenges

CHALLENGE	SOLUTION
Bandwidth of streaming channel	Use high compression <b>Ogg Vorbis</b>
Low delay	Avoid using DCT based high compression codecs
HiFi quality and low delay	Use <b>PCM</b> codec
HiFi quality, medium delay and good compression	Use high sample rate <b>mp3</b>
Variable streaming delay in the streaming channel	Use <b>buffer memory</b> in the receiver
Sample rate skew of the transmitter and receiver	Use buffer memory and <b>control receiver's sample rate</b> to match the average sample rate
Bit errors of streaming channel	Use <b>channel coding</b> for bit error correction and <b>robust decoder</b>
Low Power consumption	Use dedicated low-power chip (not PC)!

## VLSI's Solutions for streaming - Encoding

### Encoding Capability

	VS1063	VS1053	VS1003	VS1011
Mp3	Yes			
Ogg Vorbis	Yes	Plugin		
IMA ADPCM	Yes	Yes	Yes	
G.722	Yes *	Plugin **		
G711	Yes *	Plugin **		
PCM	Yes *	Yes	Yes	

\* Full duplex operation

\*\* to be available in the near future

## VLSI's Solutions for Streaming - Decoding

### Decoding Capability

	VS1063	VS1053	VS1003	VS1011
Flac	Yes	Plugin		
Mp3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
WMA	Yes	Yes	Yes	
AAC	Yes	Yes		
HE-AAC	Yes	Yes		
Ogg Vorbis	Yes	Yes		
IMA ADPCM	Yes *	Yes	Yes	Yes
G.722	Yes *	Plugin		
G711	Yes *	Plugin		
PCM	Yes *	Yes	Yes	Yes
Midi		Yes	Yes	

\* Full duplex operation

## *VS1063 or VS1053?*

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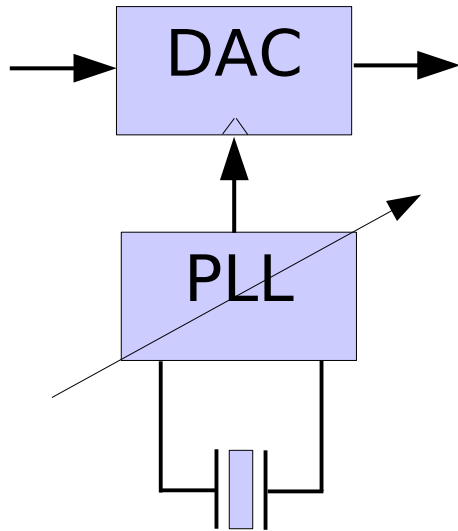
### **Use VS1063 when you need**

- mp3 encoder
- Enhanced SNR performance mp3 decoder
- Sample clock (SRC) very fine tuning support
- Full-duplex G.711 or G.722

For other purposes the VS1053 is less expensive

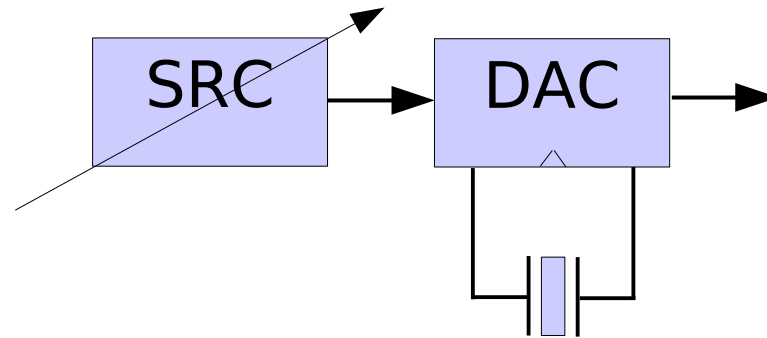
# Highlights of VS1063 and VS1053 – Sample rate conversion

## CONVENTIONAL



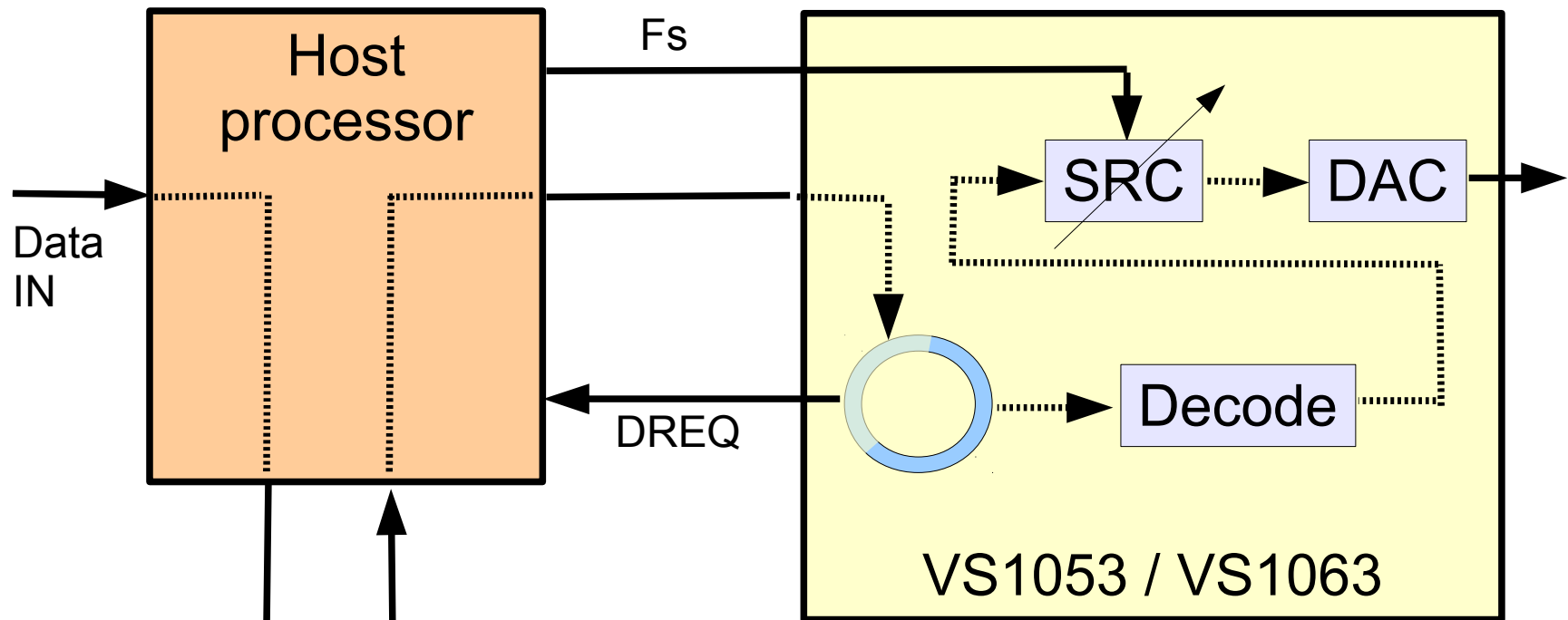
Conventional way to tune sample rate  
 => **possibly audible jitter from PLL**

## VS1053/VS1063



VS1063/VS1053 uses finely adjustable digital Sample Rate Converter (SRC) and constant sample rate DAC  
 => **crystal clear sound**

## Highlights of VS1063 and VS1053 – Sample rate conversion



- DREQ requests data from the Host to VS1063 / VS1053
- Host fine tunes SRC frequency ( $F_s$ ) up / down according to the average distance of the receiving and transmitting pointers of the Data Buffer



## *Highlights of VS1063 and VS1053 – Ogg Vorbis Recording*

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- Input from microphone or line-in (stereo)
- Line input typ. SNR > 90 dB and THD < 0.005%
- Supports 11 quality settings (below some examples)
  - Voice: mono 15kbit/s @ 8kHz
  - Wide band voice: mono 28kbit/s @ 16kHz
  - HiFi voice: mono 87kbit/s @ 44.1kHz
  - Music: stereo 135kbit/s @ 44.1 kHz
- VS1053 (plugin), VS1063 (in ROM)

## *Highlights of VS1063 – Mp3 Recording*

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- Input from microphone or line-in (stereo)
- Line input typ. SNR > 90 dB and THD < 0.005%
- Supports 11 quality settings of VBR or CBR
- Supports all mp3 sample rates
- Available in VS1063 only

## *Highlights of VS1063 and VS1053 – DSP functions*

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Several DSP functions are included in VS1063

- EarSpeaker (also in VS1053)
- VU Meter
- AD Mixer, PCM Mixer
- 5-channel parametric EQ
- Speed shifter

IRAM for custom DSP functions

DSP functions designed by VLSI are added/updated as plugins

## Highlights of VS1063 and VS1053 – EarSpeaker Technology

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DSP simulates the Room acoustics to shift the headphone sound outside the listener's head

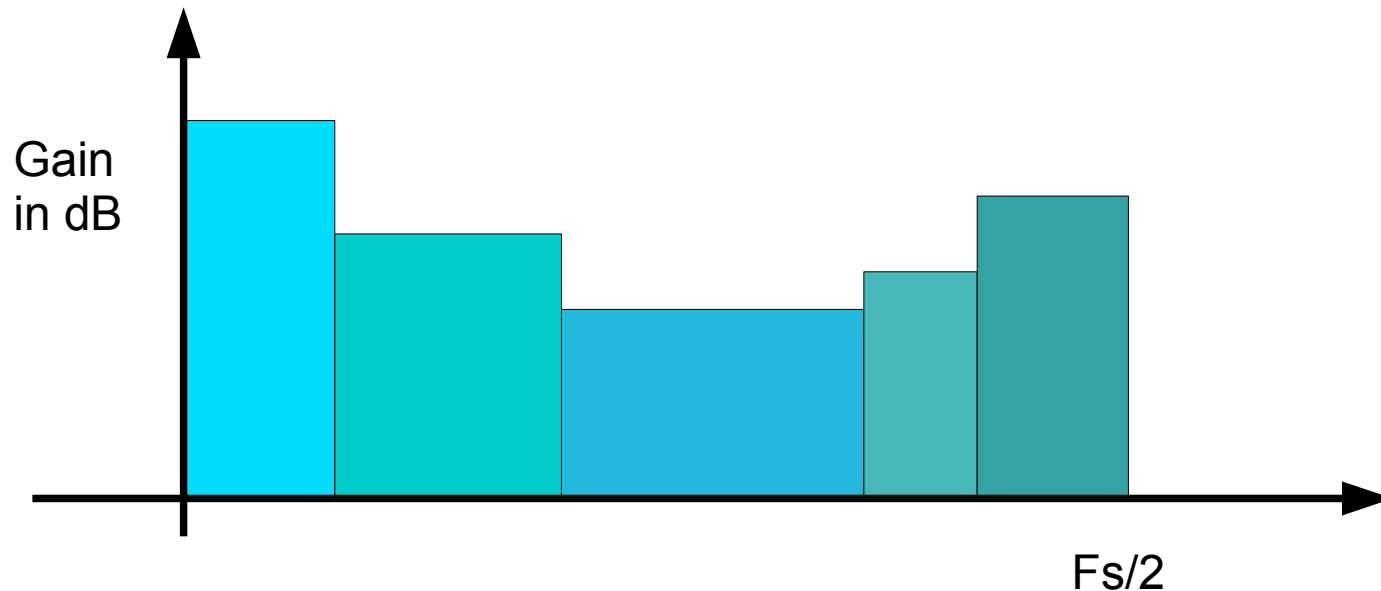
=>

- Natural sounding 3-dimensional sound
- Realistic stereo image
- No listening fatigue



## Highlights of VS1063 and VS1053 – Parametric EQ

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- 5 Bands, start and stop band can be set individually
- Gain programmed in dB for each band
- Synthesis of the filter coefficients done by the chip!
- In VS1063 only

## ***VS1063 and VS1053 - Summary***

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### **Large range of codecs supported**

- All major audio codecs supported, best codec selection on the market

### **Easy to use**

- Sample rate fine tuning support
- SPI interface for data and control communication
- Mp3 licenses included

### **High performance analog hardware**

- Integrated DAC, ADC, Headphone driver

### **DSP Processing included**

- EarSpeaker, VU Meter, Mixer, 5 channel EQ, Speed Shifter

### **Customization**

- IDE, plugins

### **Support**

- KITs and Boards, customer support team